

Intro to Research and Grad School

**John Regehr (and many others)
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The Point

- ◆ **Successful transition from UG to PhD or thesis MS student requires a fundamental attitude adjustment**
 - **In contrast: Course-based MS can largely be viewed as an extension of UG education**

The Point Continued

- ◆ **Undergrad degree is about learning known material**
- ◆ **Grad degree is about...**
 - **Learning how to create and communicate new knowledge**
 - **Dirty secret: We cannot directly teach either of these**
 - **Becoming an expert in your area**
 - **By halfway through you should be teaching your advisor new things**

What is Research?

- ◆ **Like pornography: Hard to define, but you know it when you see it**
- ◆ **Like a patented invention: Should be new, useful, non-obvious**
- ◆ **Characteristics of a research problem**
 - **Answer will advance the state of the art**
 - **Chance of failure**
 - **More than implementation**

How to Fail in Grad School

- ◆ **Focus only on course work**
 - **It worked as an undergrad, right?**
- ◆ **Totally blow off course work**
- ◆ **Use your brilliance as a crutch**
 - **The smarter you are, the later you learn how to work hard**
 - **Nobody gets a PhD without working hard**

How to Fail in Grad School

- ◆ **Don't ask for help...**
 - **Assume people know what you're doing**
 - **Assume you are expected to know everything already**
- ◆ **Don't listen when people give you advice**
- ◆ **Do all your work from home**

Succeeding in Grad School

- ◆ **Attack problems like a two year old**
 - **Play with things fearlessly and relentlessly**
 - **Don't worry about breaking them**
 - **Just do it – do not give up**
- ◆ **Find an advisor who's right for you**
- ◆ **Learn basic science**
 - **Statistics and experiment design**
- ◆ **Pick up the necessary math and CS theory on the way**

Succeeding in Grad School

- ◆ **Balanced time management**
 - Research, classes, TAing, etc...
- ◆ **Be present and engaged**
 - Be part of the grad student culture
- ◆ **Be proactive and persistent**
 - 1% inspiration, 99% perspiration
 - “You only need a good idea about every two years”

Succeeding in Grad School

- ◆ **Read a lot**

- **But not too much**

- ◆ **Write a lot**

- **Write earlier rather than later**
 - **Writing kills bad ideas**
 - **Writing helps good ideas develop**
- **Impossible to write too much**
- **Sooner or later you'll need to become a good technical writer**

Finding an Advisor

- ◆ **One of the most important decisions you'll make here**
- ◆ **Questions**
 - **Are you interested in the research?**
 - **Are your styles compatible?**
 - **Do you want a new professor or an established one?**
 - **Do you want a big research group or a small one?**

Finding an Advisor

- ◆ **How to answer the questions?**
 1. **Surf the web, read papers**
 2. **Talk to students and professors**
 3. **Go to prospective advisors' research meetings**
 - **Start now**
- ◆ **Should find an advisor this year**
 - **Preferably this Fall**
- ◆ **What if it doesn't work out?**

Changing Advisors

- ◆ **Don't be too stressed, it happens**
- ◆ **However:**
 - **Make honest effort to explore all options before switching**
 - **Communicate clearly with everyone involved**
 - **Avoid burning bridges**
 - **Should rarely happen more than once**

The Implicit Contract

- ◆ **Unwritten two-sided agreement that is the basis for all good student-advisor relationships**
- ◆ **Breach of contract – on either side – may be grounds for terminating the relationship**

Your Advisor Must...

- ◆ **Advise you**
- ◆ **Teach you how to do research in your area**
- ◆ **Teach you how to write papers**
- ◆ **Protect you from funding concerns (within reason)**
- ◆ **Help you find an interesting and relevant thesis topic**

Your Advisor Must...

- ◆ **Be your advocate to the department**
- ◆ **Eventually**
 - **Let you give conference talks**
 - **Introduce you to your research community**
 - **Write letters of recommendation for you**

You Must...

- ◆ **Be a good investment in terms of time and money**
 - **Be present, visible, and willing to learn**
 - **Learn and work independently**
 - **Get stuff done**
 - **Learn to publish results**
 - **Support the group's research**
- ◆ **Jump through some hoops**

What is a Thesis?

- ◆ **A statement that can be proved or disproved**
- ◆ **A document that does this**
- ◆ **You are here to produce these**

What is NOT a Thesis?

- ◆ **A question**
- ◆ **An algorithm**
- ◆ **A non-falsifiable statement**
- ◆ **A collection of experiments**
- ◆ **A program**
- ◆ **A piece of hardware**

Finding a Thesis Topic

- ◆ **Probably the hardest part of grad school**
- ◆ **Needs to be**
 - **A new idea (Ph.D.)**
 - **A good idea**
 - **Right level of difficulty**
 - **Doable by you**
 - **In the next 18 months (Ph.D.)**
- ◆ **Remember: It's not your life's work**

Finding a Thesis Topic

- ◆ **Should be a reasonably hot topic**
 - You don't want to give job talk based on stuff nobody is interested in, or thinks is important
 - Perfect topic: Area will be hotter in 5 years than it is now
- ◆ **You better be excited about it when you start**
 - You'll be sick of it by the time you're finished

Finding a Topic: Hamming's Razor

- ◆ **What are you working on?**
- ◆ **What's the most important open problem in your area?**
- ◆ **Why aren't they the same?
(Ouch!)**

What is a Dissertation?

- ◆ **Existence proof that you can do research**
- ◆ **2 ± 0.5 years of hard work**
 - **Necessary but not sufficient**
- ◆ **Whatever you can get five professors to sign**
- ◆ **Like getting a driver's license:**
 - **If you pass the exam nobody cares what your score was**

Time Management

- ◆ **Research – this is what you’re primarily here for**
- ◆ **Classes – can’t screw these up**
- ◆ **TA duties – can’t screw these up**
- ◆ **Service to your group**
 - **Think of it as a tax**
- ◆ **Service to the department**
 - **Somewhat optional**

Coding in Grad School

- ◆ **Code only to support a research goal**
 - **Except for classes or for fun**
- ◆ **Don't tune for performance unless it really matters**
- ◆ **Don't act like a professional programmer – you're not being paid enough**

Coding in Grad School

- ◆ **Do learn a language that supports rapid prototyping**
 - **Perl, Python, Scheme, or whatever**
- ◆ **Do learn professional paranoia**
 - **Code producing numbers for publication better not be wrong**
 - **Understand the algorithms**
 - **Test code creatively: Use code reviews, unit tests, test harnesses, randomized testing, etc.**

Reading List

◆ *The Dream Machine* – Waldrop

◆ *The Mythical Man Month* – Brooks

◆ *Hackers* – Levy

◆ *Elements of Style* – Strunk and White

◆ *The Visual Display of Quantitative Information* – Tufte

Conclusion

- ◆ **You arrive as a student, leave as a colleague**
- ◆ **Many people enjoy grad school**
 - **Try to be one of them**
 - **SLC has unparalleled access to outdoor recreation**